



Tree Related Mean Square Cordial Graphs

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Abstract: Let $G = (V,E)$ be a graph with p vertices and q edges. A Mean Square Cordial Labeling of a Graph G with vertex set V is a bijection from V to $\{0, 1\}$ such that each edge uv is assigned the label $(\lceil \frac{(f(u))^2 + (f(v))^2}{2} \rceil)$ where $\lceil x \rceil$ (ceilex) is the least integer greater than or equal to x with the condition that the number of vertices labeled with 0 and the number of vertices labeled with 1 differ by at most 1 and the number of edges labeled with 0 and the number of edges labeled with 1 differ by at most 1. The graph that admits a Mean Square Cordial Labeling is called Mean Square Cordial Graph. In this paper, we proved that Tree related graphs H_n , S_m , Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle$ are Mean Square Cordial Graphs.

Keywords – Mean Square Cordial Graph, Mean Square Cordial Labeling.

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I. Introduction

A graph G is a finite nonempty set of objects called vertices together with a set of unordered pairs of distinct vertices of G which is called edges. Each pair $e = \{u,v\}$ of vertices in E is called edges or a line of G . In this paper, we proved that Tree related graphs H_n , S_m , Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle$ are Mean Square Cordial graphs. For graph theory terminology, we follow [2].

II. Preliminaries

Let $G = (V,E)$ be a graph with p vertices and q edges. A Mean Square Cordial Labeling of a Graph G with vertex set V is a bisection from V to $\{0, 1\}$ such that each edge uv is assigned the label $(\lceil \frac{(f(u))^2 + (f(v))^2}{2} \rceil)$ where $\lceil x \rceil$ (ceilex) is the least integer greater than or equal to x with the condition that the number of vertices labeled with 0 and the number of vertices labeled with 1 differ by at most 1 and the number of edges labeled with 0 and the number of edges labeled with 1 differ by at most 1.

The graph that admits a Mean Square Cordial Labeling is called Mean Square Cordial Graph. In this paper, we proved that Tree related graphs H_n , S_m , Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle$ are Mean Square Cordial Graphs.

Definition:2.1

The corona $G_1 \odot G_2$ of two graphs G_1 and G_2 is defined as the graph G obtained by taking one copy of G_1 (which as P_1 points) and P_1 copies of G_2 and then joining the i th point of G_1 to every point in the i th copy of G_2 .

Definition:2.2

The graph $H_n \odot S_m$ is obtained from H_n by joining the root of the star to each vertex of H_n .

Definition: 2.3

H- graph H_n is a graph obtained from two copies of path P_n with vertices (u_1, u_2, \dots, u_n) and (v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n) by joining the vertices $u_{(n+1)/2}$ and $v_{(n+1)/2}$ if n is odd and $u_{n/2}$ and $v_{(n/2)+1}$ if n is even.

Definition:2.4

Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle$ is a graph obtained from H graph while joining the vertices $\frac{u_{n+1}}{2}$ and $\frac{v_{n+1}}{2}$ if n is odd (or) $\frac{u_n}{2}$ and $\frac{v_{n+1}}{2}$ if n is even through an intermediate vertex.

III. Main Results

Theorem: 3.1

$H_n \odot S_m$ (n -even) is Mean Square Cordial Graph.

Proof :

Let G be $H_n \odot S_m$

Let $V(G) = \{ u_i, v_i : 1 \leq i \leq n, u_{ij}, v_{ij} : 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m \}$

Let $E(G) = \{ [(u_i u_{i+1}) : 1 \leq i \leq n-1] \cup [(v_i v_{i+1}) : 1 \leq i \leq n-1] \cup [(\frac{u_n v_{n+1}}{2})] \cup$

$\{ (u_i u_{ij}) : 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m \} \cup \{ (v_i v_{ij}) : 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m \}$

Define $f: V(G) \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

The vertex labeling are,

$$\begin{aligned} f(u_i) &= 0, & 1 \leq i \leq n \\ f(u_{ij}) &= 0, & 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m \\ f(v_i) &= 1, & 1 \leq i \leq n \\ f(v_{ij}) &= 1, & 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m \end{aligned}$$

The induced edge labeling are,

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) &= 0, & 1 \leq i \leq n-1 \\ f^*(v_i v_{i+1}) &= 1, & 1 \leq i \leq n-1 \\ f^*(\frac{u_n v_{n+1}}{2}) &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

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$$f^*(u_i u_{ij}) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m$$

$$f^*(v_i v_{ij}) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m$$

Here, $v_f(0) = v_f(1)$ for all n and

$$e_f(1) = e_f(0) + 1 \text{ for all } n$$

Therefore, The Graph G satisfies the conditions

$$|v_f(1) - v_f(0)| \leq 1$$

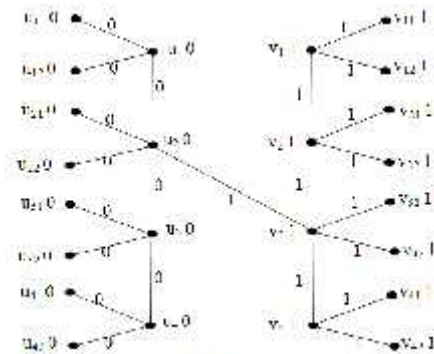
$$|e_f(1) - e_f(0)| \leq 1$$

Hence, $H_n S_m$ (n -even) is Mean Square Cordial Graph.

For example, $H_4 S_2$ is Mean Square Cordial Graph as shown in figure 3.2

Theorem: 3.3

$H_n S_m$ (n -odd) is Mean Square Cordial Graph.



Proof:

Let G be $H_n S_m$

Let $V(G) = \{ u_i, v_i : 1 \leq i \leq n, u_{ij}, v_{ij} : 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m \}$

Let $E(G) = \{ [(u_i u_{i+1}) : 1 \leq i \leq n-1] \cup [(v_i v_{i+1}) : 1 \leq i \leq n-1] \cup [(\frac{u_{n+1} v_{n+1}}{2})] \cup$

$\{ (u_i u_{ij}) : 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m \} \cup \{ (v_i v_{ij}) : 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m \}$

Define $f: V(G) \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

The vertex labeling are,

$$f(u_i) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(u_{ij}) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m$$

$$f(v_i) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(v_{ij}) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m$$

The induced edge labeling are,

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n-1$$

$$f^*(v_i v_{i+1}) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n-1$$

$$f^*(\frac{u_{n+1} v_{n+1}}{2}) = 1$$

$$f^*(u_i u_{ij}) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m$$

$$f^*(v_i v_{ij}) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq m$$

Here, $v_j(1) = v_j(0)$ for all n and

$$e_j(1) = e_j(0) + 1 \text{ for all n}$$

Therefore, The Graph G satisfies the conditions

$$|v_j(1) - v_j(0)| \leq 1$$

$$|e_j(1) - e_j(0)| \leq 1$$

Hence, $H_n S_m$ (n-odd) is Mean Square Cordial Graph.

For example, $H_5 S_2$ is Mean Square Cordial Graph as shown in figure 3.4.

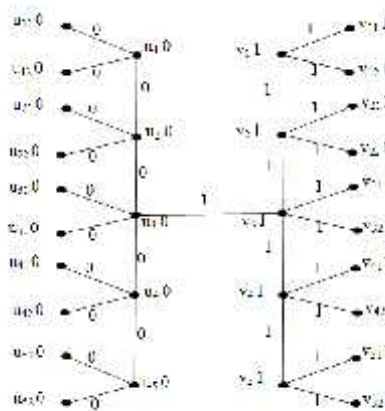


Figure 3.4

Theorem: 3.5

Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle$ (n-even) graph is Mean Square Cordial Graph.

Proof:

Let G be Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle$

$$\text{Let } V(G) = \{ u_i, v_i : 1 \leq i \leq n, w \}$$

$$\text{Let } E(G) = \{ [(u_i u_{i+1}) : 1 \leq i \leq n-1] \cup [(v_i v_{i+1}) : 1 \leq i \leq n-1] \cup [(u_{\frac{n}{2}} w)] \cup$$

$$[(v_{\frac{n}{2}+1} w)] \}$$

Define $f: V(G) \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

The vertex labeling are,

$$f(u_i) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(w) = 0$$

$$f(v_i) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n$$

The induced edge labeling are,

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n-1$$

$$f^*(v_i v_{i+1}) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n-1$$

$$f^*(u_{\frac{n}{2}} w) = 0$$

$$f^*(v_{\frac{n}{2}+1} w) = 1$$

Here, $v_j(0) = v_j(1) + 1$ for all n and

$$e_j(0) = e_j(1) \text{ for all n}$$

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Therefore, The Graph G satisfies the conditions

$$|v_j(1) - v_j(0)| \leq 1$$

$$|e_j(1) - e_j(0)| \leq 1$$

Hence , Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle (n - \text{even})$ is Mean Square Cordial Graph.

For example, Subdivided $\langle H_{4,4} : w \rangle (n - \text{even})$ is Mean Square Cordial Graph as shown in figure 3.6.

Theorem: 3.7

Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle (n - \text{odd})$ graph is Mean Square Cordial Graph.

Proof:

Let G be Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle$

$$\text{Let } V(G) = \{ u_i, v_i : 1 \leq i \leq n, w \}$$

$$\text{Let } E(G) = \{ [(u_i u_{i-1}) : 1 \leq i \leq n-1] \cup [(v_i v_{i+1}) : 1 \leq i \leq n-1] \cup [(\frac{u_{n+1} w}{2})] \cup [(\frac{w v_{n+1}}{2})] \}$$

Define $f: V(G) \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

The vertex labeling are,

$$f(u_i) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n$$

$$f(w) = 0$$

$$f(v_i) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n$$

The induced edge labeling are,

$$f^*(u_i u_{i+1}) = 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n-1$$

$$f^*(v_i v_{i+1}) = 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n-1$$

$$f^*(\frac{u_{n+1} w}{2}) = 0$$

$$f^*(\frac{w v_{n+1}}{2}) = 1$$

Here, $v_j(0) = v_j(1) + 1$ for all n and

$$e_j(0) = e_j(1) \quad \text{for all n}$$

Therefore, The Graph G satisfies the conditions

$$|v_j(1) - v_j(0)| \leq 1$$

$$|e_j(1) - e_j(0)| \leq 1$$

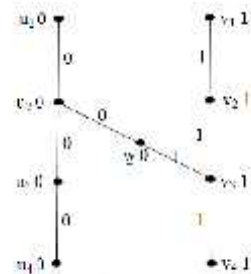


Figure 3.5

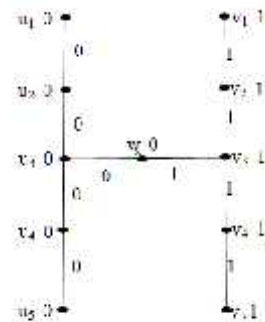


Figure 3.6

Hence , Subdivided $\langle H_{n,n} : w \rangle (n - \text{odd})$ is Mean Square Cordial Graph.

For example, Subdivided $\langle H_{5,5} : w \rangle (n - \text{odd})$ is Mean Square Cordial Graph as shown in figure 3.8.

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